

Zsolt Tuza: *Choice identification in graphs*
(Rényi Institute and University of Pannonia)

Let G be a graph. A set S of vertices is called an identifying set of G if there exists an injective function f that maps each vertex of G to a nonempty subset of S , such that every vertex in $f(v)$ - v is adjacent to v . (The vertex v itself may or may not belong to $f(v)$.) The choice identification number of G is the smallest cardinality of an identifying set. We compare this value with various parameters of G , and study the algorithmic complexity of determining it in several graph classes. This is joint work with Cristina Bazgan and Csilla Bujtás.